

What does Svalbard and Jan Mayen stand for?

Svalbard and Jan Mayen (Norwegian: Svalbard og Jan Mayen, ISO 3166-1 alpha-2: SJ, ISO 3166-1 alpha-3: SJM, ISO 3166-1 numeric: 744) is a statistical designation defined by ISO 3166-1 for a collective grouping of two remote jurisdictions of Norway: Svalbard and Jan Mayen.

Where is Svalbard and Jan Mayen?

From Simple English Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia Svalbard and Jan Mayen are Territories of Norway. Svalbard is 62,045 km² and Jan Mayen is 373 km².

What do Svalbard and Jan Mayen have in common?

Svalbard and Jan Mayen have in common that they are the only integrated parts of Norway not allocated to counties. While a separate ISO code for Svalbard was proposed by the United Nations, it was the Norwegian authorities who took initiative to include Jan Mayen in the code. Its official language is Norwegian.

Who governs Svalbard?

The archipelago is administered by the Governor of Svalbard, which is subordinate to the Norwegian Ministry of Justice and Public Security. Unlike the rest of Norway (including Jan Mayen), Svalbard is a free economic zone and a demilitarized zone, and is not part of the Schengen Area nor the European Economic Area.

Where is Svalbard located?

Svalbard is an archipelago in the Arctic about midway between mainland Norway and the North Pole. The group of islands range from 74° to 81° north latitude, and from 10° to 35° east longitude. The area is 61,022 square kilometres (23,561 sq mi) and there were 2,595 residents in Sept 2024.

When did Svalbard become part of Norway?

The Svalbard Treaty of 1920 recognizes Norwegian sovereignty, and the 1925 Svalbard Act made Svalbard a full part of the Kingdom of Norway.

The standard voltage on Svalbard and Jan Mayen (230 V) is much higher than the voltage level your devices typically operate at in Canada (120 V). Without a converter, you risk serious damage to your devices. Additionally, be aware that the frequency on Svalbard and Jan Mayen differs.

The standard voltage on Svalbard and Jan Mayen (230 V) matches the voltage level your devices typically operate at in the United Kingdom. You don't need a voltage converter on Svalbard and Jan Mayen. 230 V. 50 Hz. 230 V. 50 Hz. To be sure, check the label on your devices. Some devices never need a converter.

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