

Will Croatia build Europe's largest energy storage project?

Croatia is preparing to build Eastern Europe's largest energy storage project. IE Energy has secured EUR19.8 million (\$20.9 million) to develop a 50 MW storage system, potentially extendable to 110 MW by 2024.

Could geothermal power plants be built in Croatia?

According to current conservative estimates, geothermal power plants with a total capacity of about 1 GW could be built at the Croatian geothermal sites identified so far. The tender documents will be published on the official websites of the ministry competent for energy and the Agency.

Is Croatia ready for solar energy storage?

"There is immense scope for energy storage in Croatia, predominantly for battery storage." GlobalData says that Croatia is now on target to meet its 36.4% renewable energy target by 2030. However, its recent investment in energy storage has not been accompanied by rapid solar PV development.

What data can the Croatian Hydrocarbon Agency provide?

Thanks to data from the oil industry, the Croatian Hydrocarbon Agency can offer concrete and initial data on potentially productive geothermal locations, and even existing wells for which we have data on water temperatures and reservoir permeability.

How much solar capacity will Croatia have in 2022?

The country might only add 2.5 MW of new solar capacity in 2022, and another 19 MW next year, according to the consulting firm. The International Renewable Energy Agency (IRENA) says that Croatia had 309 MW of installed PV capacity at the end of 2021. GlobalData expects the country to reach 770 MW of cumulative solar capacity by 2030.

As a part of the research project SKEWS (Seasonal Crystalline Borehole Thermal Energy Storage), a medium deep borehole thermal energy storage with a depth of 750 m is to be built at the Technical ...

Energy Storage Energy Efficiency New Energy Vehicles Energy Economy Climate Change Biomass Energy. ... this will be the second geothermal power plant in Croatia and the first in the country's northern region. ... Exploration work on an existing borehole, Kutnjak-1, was started by Bukotermal in 2022. The two wells (Lunkjovec-1 and Kutnjak-1 ...

This study focuses on an evaluation of the subsurface ground temperature distribution during operation of a soil-borehole thermal energy storage (SBTES) system. The system consists of an array of five 9 m-deep geothermal heat exchangers, configured as a central heat exchanger surrounded by four other heat exchangers at a radial spacing of 2.5 m

Borehole thermal energy storage (BTES) uses the underground itself as the storage material. Underground in this context can range from unconsolidated material to rock with or without groundwater. The material can contain pores or fractures in the case of hard rock. Depending on the water content of the underground it is called saturated if all ...

The radioactive waste management organisations of Slovenia and Croatia have contracted Deep Isolation to deliver a cost study on potential borehole disposal of used fuel and high-level radioactive wastes from the Krško nuclear power plant. The K

As of 2019, emissions in the construction sector have increased to a peak of 1.34 billion tons of CO₂ 2020, the construction sector accounted for 36 % of the global energy consumption, or approximately 127 EJ; notably, 19 % originated from power generation and heating used in buildings [1] China, residential heating energy consumption accounts for ...

Seasonal energy storage is an important component to cope with the challenges resulting from fluctuating renewable energy sources and the corresponding mismatch of energy demand and supply. The storage of heat via medium deep borehole heat exchangers is a new approach in the field of Borehole Thermal Energy Storage. In contrast to conventional ...

Borehole thermal energy storage (BTES) exploits the high volumetric heat capacity of rock-forming minerals and pore water to store large quantities of heat (or cold) on a seasonal basis in the geological environment. The BTES is a volume of rock or sediment accessed via an array of borehole heat exchangers (BHE). Even well-designed BTES arrays ...

Borehole thermal energy storage (BTES) in soils combined with solar thermal energy harvesting is a renewable energy system for the heating of buildings. The first community-scale BTES system in North America was installed in 2007 at the Drake Landing Solar Community (DLSC) in Okotoks, AB, Canada, and has since supplied >90% of the thermal ...

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For seasonal storage, four main types of TES have been utilized, namely, pit thermal energy storage (PTES), borehole (BTES), aquifer (ATES), and tank (TTES) [2]. While TTES and PTES typically use water as a storage medium, BTES systems use the soil itself [3], and ATES use natural underground aquifers as the storage medium [4].

Keywords: Solar energy, seasonal thermal energy storage, borehole heat storage 1. Introduction The development and utilization of renewable energy is a current hot topic in energy field. And solar energy seems to be the most promising one. But unfortunately solar radiation is intermittent and unreliable while energy supply demand is continuous ...

A borehole thermal energy storage is an underground structure where heat is stored (Drake Landing Solar Community 2019). In this project, the heat from the sun is harvested mainly during summer time to be used in winter time to reduce peak power demands. The

Seasonal energy extraction and storage by deep coaxial borehole heat exchangers in a layered ground. ... As a result, the effective energy load entering each borehole is likely lower than the nominal 12.5 kW. In our calculations, we do not incorporate those system losses, which may lead to a slight overestimation of the temperature-to-power ...

Numerous solutions for energy conservation become more practical as the availability of conventional fuel resources like coal, oil, and natural gas continues to decline, and their prices continue to rise [4]. As climate change rises to prominence as a worldwide issue, it is imperative that we find ways to harness energy that is not only cleaner and cheaper to use but ...

The thermal performance of soil borehole thermal energy storage (SBTES) systems in unsaturated soils is investigated to address three primary objectives: (1) to explore the impact of subsurface moisture content condition on the SBTES thermal performance, (2) to assess the effect of seasonal surface pressure variation on the SBTES thermal performance, ...

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